

DIAL SIDE 2 x Actual



**ACTUAL SIZE** 



TRAIN SIDL

# Summary Description of Hamilton Movement Crade 747

DESIGN: Hamilton Grade 747 is a modern threequarter plate movement with wide bevels on the bridges and the pillar plate. Both bridges and the pillar plate are rhodium plated. The balance cock and both bridges employ integral steady pins. And a case alignment slot in the pillar plate provides for accurate and secure location of the movement in a case. While Grade 747 is the first 8/0 movement Hamilton has ever manufactured in quantity, it is not the first one it has ever designed or made. Hamilton engineers and technicians have been designing and by a ing and studying experimental 8/0 models for mo e

than 10 years. While work on the movement was virtually abandone Lauring World War II, final development was not sacrificed. The experience and new knowledge a quired building war timepieces proved to be precisely the experience and knowledge needed to country the project.

Grave 11 is a fine movement through and through. It is a fine looking movement. More than that, it is a fine watch to service or repair. For a quick summary of the outstanding features of Hamilton Grade 747 see the description below.

Size8/0 Round
Jewels17—Direct fricti n set
Winding and SettingRugged construction, smooth
action; enti e s m hole in
pillar plac
Minute WheelSkel tonized for visibility of
third we jewel
Cannon PinionIn pr year fit to center staff
Click Spring Ex ra long to reduce stress
Click
recoil protection of mainspring
Setting Cap SpringAccurately located by steady
pins in pillar plate
MainspringExtra long for improved per-
formance
TrainCompletely new; maximum
freedom, smoothness, and effi-
ciency of operation
EscapementCompletely new; lever type;
highly responsive
BalanceMono-metallic; 18,000 oscilla-
tions per hour

\*Balance Cap, Upper..Camlock construction for accurate alignment; no screws employed

Balance Cap, Lower... Steel, nickel-plated; two screw type; screws thread into cap from train side of pillar plate

Hairspring .......Hamilton Elinvar-Extra; overcoiled

Hairspring Stud......Round, V-seated for accurate and convenient locating

Hairspring Stud Screw.Long head with deep slot Regulator ......Smooth, positive action

Screws ......Employ new series of thread standards; balance screws de-

signed with a "dog" point instead of cone point

....Complete except for hairspring
which requires matching with

balance wheel
Service Convenience...Maximum accessibility for all

service Convenience...Maximum accessibility for all service and repair operations

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HAMILTON WATCH CO.



LANCASTER, PENNSYLVANIA

BULLETIN

<sup>\*</sup> Patent Pending

#### **Performance Characteristics**

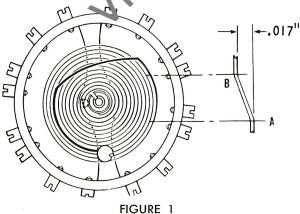
Low deviation tolerance or steadiness of rate is the performance characteristic most desired in a time-piece. In the Grade 747 performance will more than maintain the Hamilton tradition. It is a fine watch and incorporates much of the advanced knowledge and experience acquired during World War II in the design, development, and manufacture of the now famous Hamilton Marine Chronometer and all other special war timepieces.

The design improvements which make the most significant contributions to performance of the Grade 747 are: the Hamilton Elinvar-Extra hairspring (see Technical Bulletin 200 on this subject); the train, which approaches the ultimate in freedom and smoothness; the escapement, which has been made acutely responsive; the barrel assembly, which permits the use of an extra long mainspring; and a new type click which, because it possesses greater recoil, relieves undue strain on the mainspring at full wind.

### **Service Suggestions**

Replacement of Balance Staff, requires removing the collet, hairspring, and roller, following which the lower shoulder of the balance staff should be turned off in a lathe with a sharp graver. The old staff can then be safely pushed out with a standard staking set. Installation of a new staff and restaking can be done in the conventional manner. For detailed data on replacement of damaged balance staffs, a Technical Bulletin on this subject will be furnished. Watchmakers who have a file of H. m.ilton Technical Data Sheets should refer to T.D. 29.

Hairspring Manipulation will be virtually unnecessary in Hamilton Grade 747. Elevar-Extra hairsprings are rugged and with reasonable care in handling will not be distorted. In addition, the assembly convenience provider by the new accurately aligned balance upper code me cap and the regulator removes the need to main spring manipulation. When and if h irsoring manipulation is essential, watchmaker, withind the illustration in Fig. (1) showing the characteristic shape and position of the overcoll of be a useful reference.



OVERCOIL SHAPE ON HAIRSPRING FOR HAMILTON GRADE 747

**Dis-assembly** of the Grade 747 movement can be done in the conventional manner except for the balance upper endstone cap. This part is of unique construction; see paragraph entitled "Balance upper endstone cap" for dis-assembly procedure. The balance lower endstone cap, while it is not of unique construction, can not be removed until the balance has been removed. See the paragraph "The balance lower endstone cap" for details.

Assembly of the Grade 747, with the exception of the balance upper (and lower) endstone cap, can follow the conventional order. See section "Replacement of Jewels"... "The balance upper endstone cap"... and "The balance lower endstone cap."

Balance Wheel Screws used in Hamilton Grade 747 are different from these used in any other Hamilton movement. Like an other screws used in the movement, the balance wheel screws employ a new thread standard. In that these screws will readily be distinguasted from balance screws in other Hamilton movements they have been designed with a dog point instead of the cone point commonly used. Under no circumstances should a watchmaker attempt to substitute balance screws on this notement. He will invite difficulties which, under whom circumstances, may make it necessar to replace the balance wheel.

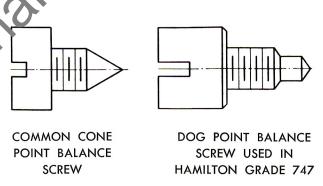


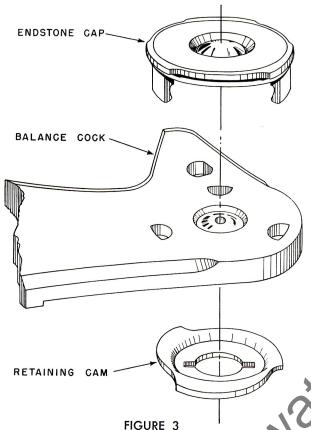
FIGURE 2

### Replacement of Jewels

All balance and train jewels in Grade 747 are friction set directly in the plate and bridges. Removal or replacement of these jewels requires that they be pressed—not driven—in or out of position. Friction set jewels should, of course, be pressed out in the opposite direction from which they were inserted. Conventional staking sets with either a lever or screw press attachment can be employed.

To replace bar hole jewels, use a flat faced punch larger than the diameter of the jewel. Press jewels into position from the *inside* of the pillar plate and from the *train side* of bridges. Lower bar hole jewels must be pressed flush with their respective recesses. Endshake adjustments should be restricted to upper jewels; such adjustments can best be done with the same punch used to remove the jewel.

**To replace olive hole jewels,** use a hollow staking tool smaller in diameter than the jewel. Press these jewels into position from the *dial side* of the pillar plate and from the *top side* of the balance cock. Care must be taken to allow the proper amount of space between the jewel and the endstone for oil.



EXPLODED VIEW OF BALANCE UPPER FND3 ONE CAP ASSEMBLY

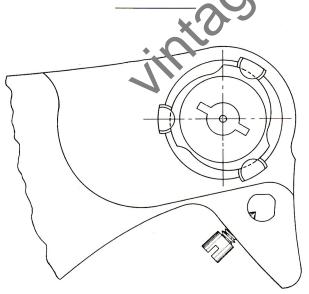


FIGURE 4

PLAN VIEW OF UNDER SIDE OF BALANCE COCK WITH RETAINING CAM ASSEMBLED

The balance upper endstone cap assembly is completely new in design. (See Figs. 3 and 4.) The new design affords accurate alignment of the upper endstone cap which, when the regulator is positioned around it, reduces the need for hairspring manipulation. The balance upper endstone cap can be easily and quickly replaced. Remove balance cock, invert it and, with a screw driver of proper width, unlock the cam as you would unscrew a screw and remove it. If the endstone cap does not drop free from the balance cock it can be gently pushed out by placing it on an anvil over the proper size hole and pushing on the feet. To replace a new cap, reverse the dis-assembly steps being sure that the retaining cam is snugly anchored but not forced.

The balance lower endstone cap on Grade 747, unlike this part on other Hamilton grades, is held by two screws which enter from the train side and thread into the cap which is man of nickel-plated steel. This feature is employed to eliminate the occasional annoyance of stripped threads in the pillar plate. Flat fillister head screws are used to secure a flat seating of the part. Assembly of the balance lower ordstone cap to the pillar plate requires no pecula tools or methods. The cap can be positioned bottom side up on the bench; then the pillar plates with the recess for the cap aligned with it can be placed over the cap. A rounded pointer can be used to line up the screw holes in the cap with those in the pillar plate. The screws then can be located and fastened.

## Cleaning and Oiling

Annual cleaning and oiling of Grade 747 will, under normal use conditions, prove adequate. Thorough cleaning procedures are highly important. The watch should be completely dis-assembled, including endstone caps, and thoroughly cleaned. After cleaning, all pivots, hole jewels, and endstones should be carefully inspected to insure that they are in prime condition. And any parts which cannot be restored to prime condition by conventional service methods should be replaced. Any good watch oil may be employed to lubricate the Grade 747 and the procedure for oiling can follow the conventional order employed by fine craftsmen. For more detailed reference on the general subject of cleaning and oiling Hamilton watches, ask for Hamilton's Technical Bulletin on this subject. Address: Technical Publication Section, Hamilton Watch Co., Lancaster, Pa.



## Genuine Repair Materials for Hamilton Grade 747

The following is a complete list of the available repair materials for the Hamilton 8/0 Size, Grade 747 movement. Material orders should always be sent to Hamilton Material Wholesalers. A list of the company's Material Wholesalers will be furnished on request to the Material Sales Department, Hamilton Watch Co., Lancaster, Pa. Always order material by catalog number and part name to insure accurate filling of orders.

Cat.		Cat.	
No.	Material	No.	Material
7211	Arbor, barrel	7233	Pinion, escape
7234	Arbor, pallet	7214	Pinion, winding
		7258	Regulator
7253	Balance, with screws	2963	Roller, combination, complete
7254	Balance, (with screws) and staff	7284	Screw, balance
7255	Balance, complete	7293	Screw, balance lower cap
7205	Barrel	7286	Screw, bridge or balance cock
7206	Barrel and arbor	7288	
7209	Cam, balance upper endstone cap retaining	7291	Screw, click
7219	Click		Screw, dial foot
7215	Clutch	7295	Screw, hairspring stu
5065	Collet, hairspring	7294	Screw, pallet bridge
7279	Endstone Cap, balance upper	7297	Screw, rachet wheel
7280 🔻	Endstone Cap, balance lower	7294	Screw, setting ap spring
7210	Hub, winding wheel	7300	Screw, se ting lever
7267	Jewel, center upper	7293	Screw, we dirg wheel hub
2568A	Jewel, center lower	7220	Sprigg, click
7269	Jewel, third or fourth upper	7225	Sprin, clutch lever
7270	Jewel, third lower	7240	pring, setting cap
7272	Jewel, fourth lower	7261	rir g, hair, Elinvar Extra
7273	Jewel, escape upper	7227	Start, balance
7275	Jewel, escape lower and pallet upper or lower	72.6	Stem, winding
7277	Jewel, balance upper or lower	6265	Stud, hairspring
2983	Jewel, roller	7.245	Wheel, center and pinion
7281	Stone, pallet, receiving	72 +8	Wheel, third and pinion
7282	Stone, pallet, discharging	72 18 1250	Wheel, fourth and pinion
7218	Lever, clutch	7252	Wheel, escape and pinion
7222	Lever, setting	7241	Wheel, hour
		7242	Wheel, minute
7221	Mainspring, Str. 9	7216	Wheel, setting
7256	Pallet and fork	7207	Wheel, rachet
7257	Pallet, fork and arbor	7208	Wheel, winding
6095	Pin, banking	1200	wheel, whiling
7229	Pinion, cannon		

